Saddlebag Newsletter

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A supplement to the WWHA *Journal*
Available On-Line via www.wildwesthistory.org

Welcome to the "New" *Saddlebag* Newsletter. Rather than the previous twice-per-year publication of the newsletter, Spring and Fall, we will now be adding news and other information to this on-line publication as it becomes available. This means you will have something to look forward to most every week, month, or on a frequent basis. We hope this provides our members and readers with more current, up-to-date information, especially in regard to coming events or important notices, such as the death of a WWHA member.

New information will be headed by the date of posting. Previously posted information will simply be moved further down in the newsletter. All information will be retained for reference.

If you have Wild West news, please contact the editor at the e-mail address shown at the top of the *Saddlebag* page. We reserve the right to include or not include any materials submitted to us.

January 6, 2022

Unveiling Ceremony
Bronze Plaque Honoring the Battle of Chiricahua Pass
Medals of Honor Winners

For several years, WWHA member Mike Eberhardt has led the way in the efforts to have a plaque placed near the site of the Battle of Chiricahua Pass to honor the men who participated, especially those who eventually were awarded "Medals of Honor." Those efforts have now led to an unveiling ceremony to be conducted outside the Chiricahua Desert Museum, north of Rodeo, New Mexico. The date and time will be Saturday, February 19, 2022, starting at 2:00 p.m.

The event is being hosted by the Cochise County Historical Society, Bill Cavaliere, President. The Battle of Chiricahua Pass, in the mountainous terrain of eastern Cocise County, had more Medals of Honor issued to soldiers, 33, by the Army than for any other one-day battle in the entire history of the U.S. Army. Neither side, the military nor Cochise's Apaches, really won the firefight, but after the battle Captain Ruben Bernard thought Cochise had displayed brilliant tactical prowess, and after three more years of near-constant fighting, Cochise was ready to sue for peace.

After the unveiling ceremony a presentation on the Battle of Chiricahua Pass will be given inside the Geronimo Events Center (next door) by CCHS Vice President Craig McEwan, including a reception with food and drink.

Both Bill Cavaliere and Craig McEwan were speakers at last October's "Tombstone Territory Rendezvous, and are well known personalities in Cochise County.

WWHA wishes to congratulate Mike Eberhardt and the members of the Cochise County Historical Society for their untiring work leading to this ceremony day.

January 5, 2022

Death of WWHA Member Bill Neal

Wild West History Association has lost another valued member with the death December 23, 2021 death of Bill Neal, age 85, in Abilene, Texas. Bill was a rancher, retired country lawyer, historian, journalist, award winning author, and past president of the West Texas Historical Association. Bill was a towering figure in Wild West and West Texas history writing several books and being active in many county and regional history organizations. While he was considered one of the best legal minds in West Texas, he could tell the best stories about his beloved West Texas. He will be sorely missed.

Bill Neal was born in Quanah, Texas on January 31, 1936, to William Overton (Boots) Neal III and Katharine Barnes Neal. He graduated from Quanah High School in 1953, and Hardin-Simmons University in 1958, where he majored in economics and was editor of the college newspaper. After serving as an Infantry Officer in the U.S. Army, he worked as a reporter, first for the *Abilene Reporter-News* and then for the *Amarillo Globe-News*. In 1961, he enrolled in the University of Texas Law School. He proudly graduated first in his class in 1964 and was also named Grand Chancellor. Bill was Comment Editor of the *Texas Law Review*. In 1964-65, he served as a briefing attorney for Justice Ruel Walker of the Texas Supreme Court and then returned to Quanah to practice law.

In 1968, Bill was elected as District Attorney for the 46th Judicial District of Texas which includes Wilbarger, Hardeman and Foard Counties. Retiring from that office in 1976, after serving two terms, he opened a private law office as a general practitioner with an emphasis on criminal defense work. In 1992, he was elected District Attorney again, this time for the 50th Judicial District composed of Baylor, Knox, Cottle and King Counties where he served three terms. Bill was considered one of the very best trial attorneys in northwest Texas before retiring in 2004.

The forever-storyteller wrote several books covering colorful stories of the history of law and lawlessness of the West Texas frontier, many of which grew from his time spent researching old records in the basements of courthouses.

Bill enjoyed his days in his home in Abilene with his beloved wife Gayla. There he could be found with his loyal dog not far from his feet while either working on stories or visiting with his children, loved ones and friends. He often spent time at his ranch, his favorite place to be, which he also called home, south of Quanah, near the Medicine Mounds where he grew up.

We all asked him at some point in time, what are you looking at, as he looked off into the horizon, in the way only he could. "The land," he would simply say. Now we will continue to remember him and the love he had for "the land" as we too take time to appreciate the horizon and care for the land as he always has.

Bill Neal is survived by his wife, Gayla Neal of Abilene, two sons, Monte Mark Neal (Lenore) of Austin, Max McCaleb Neal, of Austin, one daughter Virginia Kay Neal Covarrubia (David) of Austin, two step-daughters Nicole Todd (Charles) of Fate, Texas, Joy Chhay (Alex) of Leander, Texas, and one step-grandson, Magnus Chhay of Leander.

Services for Bill will be Thursday, December 30, 2021 in Quanah, Texas. Visitation with the family will be held at Three Rivers Foundation Foyer, from 12:30 to 1:30, followed by a 2:00 graveside service

at the Quanah Memorial Park cemetery. Dustin Hamby, minister of Cornerstone Church, will officiate. Services are under the direction of the Hamil Family Funeral Home, 6449 Buffalo Gap Road, Abilene, Texas 79606.

In lieu of flowers memorials may be given to the Hardman County Historical Museum, 105 Green Street, Quanah, Texas 79252 or Downtown Medicine Mound Museum, 292 Spur 91 South, Medicine Mound, Texas 79252.

Bill loved reading and collecting quotes, and shown below are two of the many he admired.

"Everything should be made as simple as possible but no simpler." – Albert Einstein

"Some mistakes are too much fun to only make once." – Margaret Mitchell

Memories may be shared, and condolences submitted online at:

www.HamilFamilyFuneralHome.com

(Via *Abilene Reporter News* and West Texas Historical Association *WTHA E-News* with some WWHA *Saddlebag* editing.)

January 4, 2022

Latest WWHA Fireside Story:

"Jesse James and The James - Younger Gang.
The Bandit Kings of Missouri. Their Legend Will Never Die" by *Donna Harrell*.

If you have missed any of our "Fireside Stories" or "Bugs on the Windshield" episodes, you can find them on the Wild West History Association YouTube channel. Please share with all your friends: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCo36_i0ww29jlSZ8w99QgwA

Donna Harrell is a WWHA Board Member and descendent of the Younger family. In this installment of "Fireside Stories," Donna tells the story of the notorious James – Younger gang. Jesse and Frank James - sons of a Baptist minister and successful farmer with a Master's degree. Cole, Jim, John and Bob Younger – sons of a politically active, land and business owner. These young men with promising futures became outlaws as a result of their family's experiences during an extremely violent Border War between Kansas and Missouri in the 1850's, thru the Civil War and the resulting Reconstruction era that lasted into the 1870's. From the February, 1866 first daylight peacetime bank robbery in Liberty, Missouri to the September, 1881 Blue Cut, Missouri train robbery, the James – Younger gang robbed banks, trains and stages from Virginia to Kansas, Minnesota to Texas. They were accused of many other robberies all across the country. Jesse James' 1882 murder by gang member Bob Ford was reported around the country. There were lying-in-state events in St. Joseph and Kearney, Missouri. Thousands of people (family, friends and enemies) viewed his body. No one questioned that it was Jesse but people didn't believe their hero could be killed so easily. For years a few old men claimed that they were the "real" Jesse. Even today there are many families who claim their ancestor was the "real" Jesse James and that history is wrong. Movies, books, songs, and rivers of newspaper ink tell the story of these men. The last surviving gang member died in 1916, but their legend will never die.

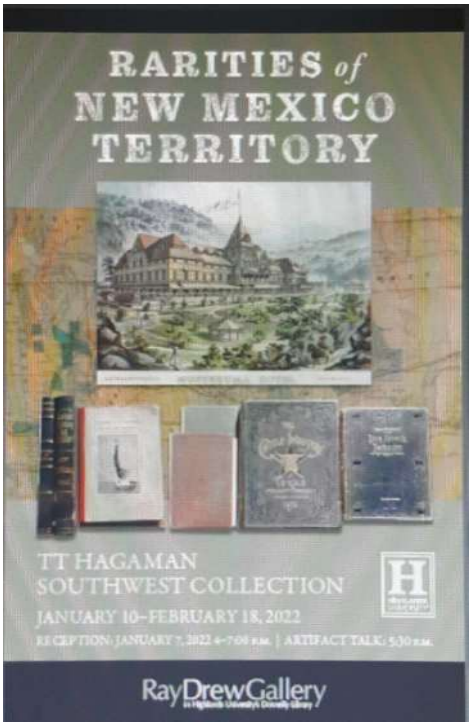
Wild West History Association website: https://wildwesthistory.org/ Join the Wild West History Association: https://wildwesthistory.org/#joinnow.

And, regularly visit: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ifM_epEzEHU

December 29, 2021

All of us at WWHA publications wish each of our members and on-line readers a wonder New Year and the best that 2022 can give you.

Tim Hagaman Exhibit at Donnelly Library, Las Vegas, New Mexico



WWHA member Tim Hagaman has a new exhibit of fifty items selected from his collection of New Mexico books, ephemera, maps, manuscripts, paintings, photographs, signs, saddles and famous Wild West figures owned furniture. This is his second exhibit, since Acoma Pueblo hosted his entire collection for two years. This much smaller exhibit is tailored for a university library like the Donnelly Library in Las Vegas, New Mexico. Hagaman is modeling this exhibit with other Southwest universities relating to each Southwest territory of fifty rarities relating to the state and eventually internationally while promoting new membership with the WWHA and new exhibit information soon to be found at www.henrymccarty.com, a new website being developed by Hagaman. A short video of the exhibit will be found the first week of January at http://galleries.nmhu.edu/ray-drew-gallery/.

Congratulations to Tim for the work he has expended to create this important exhibit.

December 21, 2021

True West has announced their choice for:

BEST AUTHOR AND HISTORICAL NONFICTION BOOK OF THE YEAR

John Boessenecker and *Wildcat: The Untold Story of Pearl Hart, the Wild West's Most Notorious Woman Bandit* (Hanover Square Press)

WWHA Editorial Board member John Boessenecker has been named "Best Author" and his new book, *Wildcat: The Untold Story of Pearl Hart, the Wild West's Most Notorious Woman Bandit,* has been named 2021 "Historical Nonfiction Book of the Year" by *True West* magazine.

A press release from *True West* stated:

> For five decades the San Francisco-based historian has been a leader in his field, and *Wildcat* has set a new standard for biography and Western women's history. (See page 38 for an excerpt.)
>
> As Boessenecker states so eloquently in his introduction to *Wildcat*: "Pearl Hart was woman far ahead of her time. She was self-reliant, adventurous, unconstrained by convention, and sexually liberated. Those attributes were extremely rare for a women in the nineteenth century."

"Congratulations," John from your many friends and admirers in the Wild West History Association.

WWHA Six-Shooter Awards

Criteria for the 2021 WWHA Six-Shooter Awards will be announced soon, both here in WWHA's on-line *Saddlebag* newsletter and in the March 2022 WWHA *Journal*. Award categories will include: Lifetime Contributions to Wild West History, Best Book on Wild West History, Outstanding Single Contribution to Wild West History, Best Article on Wild West History in an Historical and/or Scholarly Publication, Best Article on Wild West History, Best WWHA *Journal* Article, International Award for Outstanding Writing & Research Accomplishments, Special Award for Outstanding Contributions to Wild West History.

December 20, 2021

WWHA Director William I. "Bill" Koch Receives Sons of the American Revolution Award

WWHA's "Own" Bill Koch second from left

William "Bill" Koch, the 1992 America's Cup winner, international businessman and philanthropist, as well as a board member of the Wild West History Association, was awarded the Sons of the American Revolution "Gold Good Citizenship Medal" for his lifetime support of cultural and historical institutions, youth events, education and the arts.

Koch was the keynote speaker at the SAR's Fall Leadership meeting and was inducted as a member based on his lineage to William Burnett, surgeon general of the New Jersey Militia and a legislator. "I'm excited to be a member," said Koch, who estimated that he has at least 20 other supplemental applications in the works.

His 45-minute address at the Saturday night black-tie affair drew a wide variety of comments from the audience. Koch, who stayed at the Brown Hotel, was approached by dozens of compatriots with questions, and he greeted each compatriot and answered every question.

"I love real history," said Koch, who built an authentic Western town on his Colorado property, complete with more than 40 buildings. "Real history is much more interesting than the made-up stuff."

Koch, 81, is the founder and chief executive officer of Oxbow Carbon LLC. Based in West Palm Beach, Fla., Oxbow Carbon employs more than 1,000 people in 13 countries and generates annual revenues of more than $2 billion. It is the largest independent distributor of petroleum and calcined petroleum coke—two critical ingredients in the manufacturing of aluminum, titanium dioxide and high-impact plastics.

"Bill Koch has spent a lifetime competing on some of the world's largest stages while always giving back to others," said President General Davis Lee Wright. "An underdog who defeated a field of professional

sailors for the oldest trophy in sports, Koch built an equally successful international business. He has used his wealth to improve public schools, understand and reduce juvenile crime, assist Native Americans, and enrich the communities where he lives."

In 2011, Koch founded Oxbridge Academy, a private preparatory high school that has provided millions in financial aid to economically disadvantaged children in Palm Beach County. Graduates have attended some of the most selective colleges in the country. Students average more than $8 million annually in merit-based scholarships.

Koch grew up in Wichita, Kans., and attended the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he received his bachelor's, master's and doctoral degrees in chemical engineering. He was the recipient of the Roger de Friez Hunneman Prize, MIT's oldest chemical engineering honor.

Koch follows former Secretary of Defense James Mattis, the retired U.S. Marine general, in receiving the Gold Good Citizenship Medal in 2021. Mattis, who lives in Washington State, also became a compatriot.

"He'a an American icon," said Foundation member Lee Popham, who, like Koch, lives in southern Florida. "He's a true embodiment of the American dream—the culmination of a rags-to-riches story.

(Taken from a SAR press release with a few added comments for the WWHA on-line Saddlebag newsletter)

December 6, 2021

The December issue of WWHA Journal went into the USPS mail December 7th. Our postal permit allows for mail to be held at various stops along the way, so you may or may not receive your copy as soon as do other members.

108 pages, seven great articles by Jim Dunham, David Grasse, Jim Fulbright, Rick Miller, Craig L. Foster, Jeff Jackson and Mike Bell, plus the regular departments: "Historian Interview" with Mike Mihaljevich, "Relatively Speaking" with Roy B. Young, "Cowboy Poetry" by Frank Younger, "Around the Campfire" Janice Dunnahoo's account of the first 'All American Ball" on Christmas Day in 1880 at the Chisum Ranch. And six book reviews, new book announcements, and more!

Wild West Podcasts by Mike Mayberry

WWHA member Mike Mayberry has been doing podcasts for some time about air conditioning and how to succeed in blue collar Jobs. Over a year ago, he started looking into and listening to podcasts about western writers, researchers and historians and there really wasn't anyone interviewing these people. So, he started doing interviews with people whose books he was reading and learning from, but he wanted to learn more; he wanted to know the truth about western history. Plus, he loves people stories. In 2020, he started doing interviews/podcasts with researchers and historians to hear their stories, to find out how they became interested in western history and to learn more about the books they've written. His interviews don't add commercials, nor are any interviews edited, plus, he doesn't have pre-made questions, just a starting dialogue.

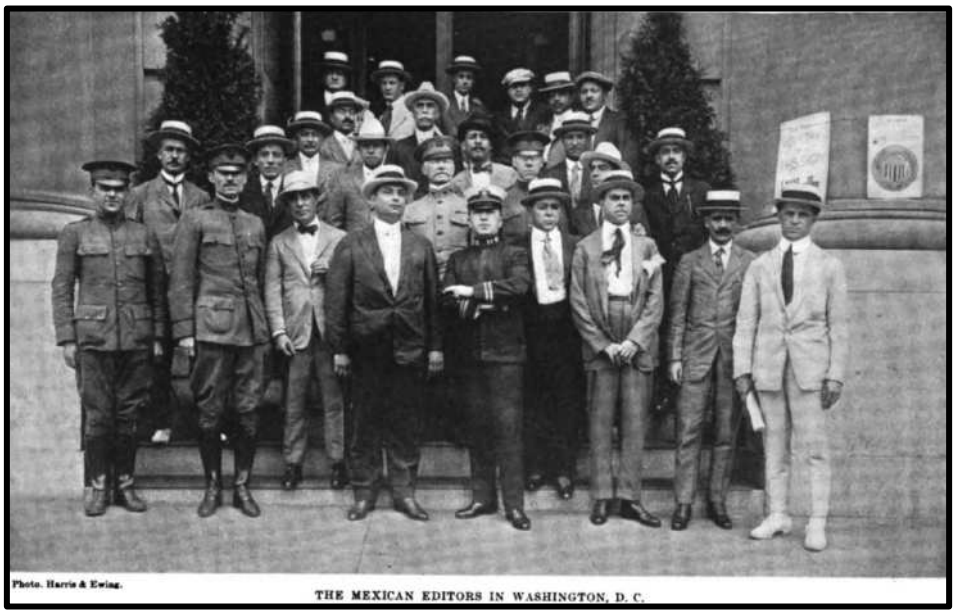
Thus far on his podcast channel, he's interviewed: Casey Tefertiller, Bob Boze Bell, Marshall Trimble, Peter Brand (3 times), John Boessenecker, Mark Boardman, Nancy Sosa, David de Haas, Nicholas Cataldo, Roy B. Young, and the owner of Shakespeare ghost town. He

has some great podcasts coming up with a cowboy hat maker, more historians, re-enactors, and owners of various businesses that specialize in the Old West. You can find these podcasts on iTunes, Spotify, The IHeart Radio App or just about anywhere you listen to podcasts by searching "Cochise County_Travels." You can also find Cochise County_Travels on Facebook and Instagram. Mike posts western history and Cochise County content daily.

A Story Retold is a Story Improved: Jovita Idar and the Texas Rangers: Part 2

Daniel Buck

During a 1984 interview, Aquilano Idar mixed up and exaggerated several 1910s incidents thereby launching the story of a confrontation between his sister, Laredo civil-rights activist Jovita Idar, and the Texas Rangers. The tale was repeated and embellished by any number of historians and journalists. The reality turned out to be several confrontations, no less acrimonious but more complicated and less romantic, with minor roles by a single Texas Ranger and only possibly his sister. Truth, not to mention the devil, is in the details.



When I first looked into the subject, I combed digitized newspaper archives for information about the confrontations. The result was, "A Story Retold is a Story Improved: Jovita Idar and the Texas Rangers," WWHA *Saddlebag*, March 2021. At the time, I did not have ready access to Mexican periodicals, because the website of the *Hemeroteca Nacional Digital de México* was on the fritz. I have since accessed the site and found several articles that amplify aspects of the narrative told in Part 1, which was largely based on newspapers published in Texas, chiefly the *Laredo Weekly Times* and the San Antonio *La Prensa*. It turns out the vigilante mob did attack *El Progreso*, though without any Rangers, and Walker identified several vigilantes by name.

Leo D. Walker (standing front row, fourth from the left, in dark suit and Panama hat), then editor of *El Progreso*, Monterrey, Mexico, with other Mexican newspaper editors and American officials, during a 1918 tour of the United States sponsored by the Wilson administration and designed to promote support for the Allied effort in World War I. (*Bulletin of the Pan American Union*, June 1918)

El Pueblo, the *Carrancista* newspaper in Mexico City, added a new detail, on 24 May 1916: that *El Progreso* editor Leo D. Walker had been arrested while at a meeting at the Bender Hotel, near Jarvis Plaza, which contradicts another detail of Aquilano Idar's jangled recollections. In his interview, he had said that it had

happened at *El Progreso*'s office, where his sister Jovita had courageously stood in the door blocking Rangers plural from entering.

District attorney John A. Valls, a supporter and godson of ousted president Porfirio Díaz, had ordered the arrest, which was carried out by a single Texas Ranger, J.J. Sanders. Equally hell on crime, vice, and dissent, the diminutive (a shade over five feet), dapper (favored a boutonnière), and popular (often stood for election unopposed), Valls was Laredo's very own Eliot Ness, He once fought off an assailant with his walking stick. Although he was a Díaz supporter, he pretty much prosecuted anyone he thought deserving, murderers, brothel owners, rum runners, or newspaper editors who poked Uncle Sam in the eye.

After Walker's June 15 kidnapping and expulsion from the United States, he and his publisher Emeterio Flores headed for Mexico City, where Walker was to meet with the country's executive, First Chief Venustiano Carranza. In an interview with *La Reforma* in Saltillo they said that they had been accosted near their Laredo lawyer's office by ten armed, shouting men who forced them into two cars.

Flores was released by the vigilantes, and quickly fled to Nuevo Laredo. Perhaps having lived in Laredo for many years, Flores had more friends among the locals. For example, he had been elected to public offices in Webb County. He was not a U.S. citizen, but citizenship norms in the borderlands of that era were less formal than today. Walker was born in Mexico to an American father and Mexican mother. He identified as a Mexican, while his younger brother identified as an American. Valls grew up in Texas, but was born to a Catalan-Spanish father and Catalan-American mother in Bagdad, Mexico, where he lived the first few months of his life, and was himself once accused of not being a U.S. citizen.

The mob, threatening to lynch Walker, drove him five miles out of town to the U.S. side of the Rio Grande where he was, as he described it, "placed in the center of the group of American Hottentots, who now numbered 38 . . . who, thirsty for blood prepared to witness the macabre spectacle of lynching." (Hottentot was a racial insult of the period, a reference to an indigenous group in South Africa, suggesting someone regardless of race who was ill-bred or stupid.) One man proposed stripping Walker naked and beating him, but another suggestion carried the day, to "throw him in the river" because "it was preferable for him to drown," a result they thought likely. The vigilantes all agreed that if he ever showed his face in the U.S. "he would be shot." To the apparent surprise of the vigilantes, Walker swam, with some difficulty, across the Rio Grande to safety. The Laredo newspapers had a benign account, that Walker was allowed to wade across, though the shooting threat was a proudly reported detail.

As *La Reforma* continued, the "savage Americans then went to the *El Progreso* offices where, after throwing out the employees of the business at gunpoint, [they] smashed one of the presses with poles and closed the office." The Laredo newspapers reported an altogether more temperate version, that the vigilantes had politely asked the employees, including two women (perhaps including Jovita Idar) to leave, and then locked the door. No mention of any Texas Rangers.

The *La Reforma* interview is unique among the many accounts of the abduction in that Walker names some of his kidnappers: "Among the attackers were doctors O. J. Cook and Garlick, individuals who owe what they are and what they have to the Mexican inhabitants of Laredo, Texas; the rancher Hazelrigg, who was once a prisoner in Nuevo Laredo, accused of having stolen some cattle in American territory; rancher White, also accused of the same crime; Robert Ennis, employee of the Hotel Hamilton, where Mr. Rafael E. Múzquiz was robbed; Alberto Gutiérrez Martín, an individual from a wealthy Mexican-Texan family; Muller, a member of the Texas National Guard; and a certain Anderson and others whose names Walker does not remember."

O.J. Cook had recently returned from service as a medical officer with General John J. Pershing's American Expeditionary Force, and had just resigned as the Laredo City Health Officer, apparently to return to private practice. He was the only member of the vigilante mob to suffer any consequences: In 1917, he entered Mexico to take up a position with an American mining company, and was arrested in Nuevo Laredo in connection with the Walker abduction and quickly deported back to the United States.

H. Stow Garlick was a Laredo eye, ear, nose, and throat doctor and a captain in the so-called "Texas Rough Riders," an informal militia that volunteered to help the U.S. Army and Texas National Guard with border duty and chase Pancho Villa. Whether it ever pursued Villa or for that matter rode anywhere is

unclear. The *Laredo Weekly Times* reported that the group was having trouble finding young men who could ride, joking that its recruits "couldn't 'stay on a goat.'"

The "rancher Hazelrigg" was likely Robert Hazelrigg, who along with his brother James was a prominent Laredo rancher with properties on both sides of the border. In July 1913, Carranza rebels, then in revolt against the Huerta government, arrested Robert, two of James's sons, and several of their Texan and Mexican cowboys near Nuevo Laredo and confiscated their livestock in a dispute over cattle duties, which is perhaps what gave rise to Walker's cattle theft anecdote. After pressure from the U.S. government, the Hazelrigg party was released.

"Alberto Gutiérrez Martín" was probably Albert Gutiérrez Martin, the seventeen-year-old grandson of Raymond Martin, a French immigrant and wealthy Laredo businessman and civic leader, and "Muller" was undoubtably Texas National Guard Milmo Rifles first lieutenant Alden B. Muller, then on leave from his job as secretary-treasurer of the Texas-Mexican Railway Co.

It's not surprising that Walker knew some of his assailants. Laredo only had about 15,000 inhabitants, and earlier that same year he had served, alongside community leaders such as mayor Robert McComb, colleague Jovita Idar, and rival newspaperman Justo Penn, on the organizing committee for the Washington's Birthday Celebration, the city's largest civic festival. Interactions among Laredoans could be courteous or contentious, depending upon the topic. In other words, "*pueblo pequeño, infierno grande*."

In a letter to the Texas governor James E. Ferguson, Valls defended Walker's arrest, and as well excused his kidnapping, on the grounds that the vigilates "feared his future conduct in Laredo would lead to race riots and bloodshed." Valls also accused *El Progreso* of rank hypocrisy, saying that a few years earlier when he had shut down another Laredo newspaper, which supported an opposing revolutionary faction, *El Progreso* had applauded the action.

The feisty if not fortunate Leo D. Walker went on to direct a *Carrancista* newspaper in Monterrey, and in 1918, after relations between Mexico and the United States had improved, he and a delegation of Mexican journalists traveled around the United States on a tour organized by the Committee on Public Information, tasked with promoting support for the U.S. effort in World War I. The journalists met in Washington, D.C., with Woodrow Wilson, whom Walker had once excoriated but now praised: "We love him. He is a great man and a true friend to Mexico."

Two years later, President Carranza was overthrown and murdered, and Walker found himself unemployed again. In 1921, his wife in Laredo filed for divorce on the grounds of adultery, saying that her husband was living "somewhere in Mexico" with the actress Nena Cornejo. (Family history repeating itself. Some forty years earlier his father, Howard C. Walker, had abandoned his wife in Missouri and lit off to Mexico.) Walker died in Mexico City in 1950.

Law-and-order ardent John A. Valls found himself embroiled in another controversy when, in 1929, he sought to arrest former Mexican president Plutarco Elías Calles, soon to be on a train bound for Nuevo Laredo from New York, on suspicion of arranging, with the help of a former deputy U.S. marshal and a San Antonio constable, the murder near Laredo of two political opponents. Seeking to maintain good relations with its southern neighbor, the U.S. Secretary of State thwarted Valls by granting Calles diplomatic immunity and posting a detachment of troops on his train, ordering it across the border without stopping.

Retaliating for the arrest threat, the Mexican government closed its consulate in Laredo, bringing freight and tourist traffic to a virtual halt. In an attempt to block Valls's reappointment as district attorney, a group of local businessmen gathered 1,600 signatures on a petition, predicting an "open insurrection" unless he was ousted, and haphazardly accusing him of persecuting Mexican citizens, straining relations between Mexico and the United States, being an enemy of the American Legion (an enemy in what sense was unexplained), and not being an American citizen. In an apparent reference to the *El Progreso* affair, his antagonists also accused him of having refused to shut down a Laredo newspaper "unfriendly to the cause of the Allies," blaming him that "enraged Americans stormed the newspaper plant and destroyed it."

All for naught; Valls was confirmed as district attorney. San Antonio's *La Banda Mexicana* director Carlos F. Ayala composed a tribute, "The John A. Valls March." A march, naturally. Valls died in Laredo in 1941, after more than three decades as district attorney and judge.

Jovita Idar married Bartolo Juárez in 1917, and a few years later they moved to San Antonio, where they founded a Democratic Club. She wrote for *El Heraldo Cristiano*, a Methodist publication, worked as an interpreter and tutor, and continued her political and community activism. She died in San Antonio in 1946 of tuberculosis, age 60, in relative obscurity. A Laredo newspaper obituary reduced her eventful life to having been "associated with her father and brother in the printing business." It wasn't until decades later, largely prompted by Aquilano Idar's 1984 interview, garbled though his recollections were, that Texas historians began writing about her civil rights career in earnest. Last year, *The New York Times* published a commemorative obituary of Idar, and Laredo officials dedicated "Jovita Idar's *El Progreso* Park" in her honor.

November 19, 2021

Obituary - William Meredith "Bill" Hunley Jr.

A true friend of Wild West History Association, "Bill" Hunley, passed away peacefully on November 12, 2021 at his second home in Puerto Penasco Mexico, with his wife Paula Jean by his side.

Bill was born on January 7, 1941 in Sullivan, Indiana where his family owned and operated Dugger Electric Equipment Company for 50 years until his father's retirement in 1984. As a child, Bill started traveling in the summers to Tombstone to visit his grandparents, who owned the Bird Cage Theatre. Bill later moved to Tombstone permanently and inherited the Bird Cage Theatre upon his grandmother's death.

Bill was involved in many different ventures throughout his life and joined many organizations, becoming an active member in all of them and supporting their many charitable functions, including Wild West History Association of which he held "Gunfighter" membership. Bill was a Scottish Rite 32nd degree Mason, Shriner and a member of the Royal Order of Jesters, the Restoration Commission of Tombstone, the Chamber of Commerce, the Vigilantes, the Ghost of Old Tombstone, the Lions Club and the Tombstone Office of Tourism. Bill was chosen to be Tombstone Helldorado Grand Marshal in 2018.

Bill is survived by his wife Paula Jean Reed-Hunley, his daughter Nancy (Gary) Louise Hunley-Martinez of Sierra Vista, AZ, his son William (Amy) M. Hunley III of Tombstone, AZ, his sister Patricia Gayle Poindexter of Bluffton, Indiana, brother Robert E.(Susan) Hunley of Dugger, Indiana, three grandchildren Rebecca Elliott, Felicia M. Valdez and Arabelle Rose Martinez, and three great-grandchildren.

Bill was preceded in death by his father William M. Hunley Sr., mother Helen V. (Small) Hunley and his brother in law Dr. B.K. Poindexter. Bill will be deeply missed by everyone, including his many friends in Puerto Penasco Mexico, whom referred to him as Mr. Tombstone. His laughter and stories were legendary.

Visitation will be held on Sunday, November 21, 2021 from 4:00pm-7:00pm at Hatfield Funeral Home, 830 South Highway 92, Sierra Vista, Arizona 85635. Funeral Services will be held on Monday November 22, 2021 at 10:00am at Hatfield Funeral Home. A Funeral procession will go to Tombstone with a brief pause of reflection in front of the Bird Cage Theatre. Committal will take place on Monday November 22, 2021 at 1:00pm at the Tombstone City Cemetery with a Masonic Service. A reception will take place after Cemetery services at the Tombstone American Legion, 225 E. Allen Street, Tombstone, AZ.

Tributes from the WWHA Board of Directors and Committee Leaders

We've known and treasured a friendship with Bill Hunley for the past 21 years. He was always the gentleman, full of joy, laughter, and genuine friendship. One month ago tomorrow, my wife, Charlotte,

and I were at the Hunley's for the annual WWHA Regional Roundup Day during the Tombstone Territory Rendezvous. He was so happy, so upbeat. Little did we know then that it would be our list visit with him. We'll miss you to the end of time, Bill. Our love and condolences to Paula Jean and all the Hunley family. *Roy and Charlotte Young*

Bill & Paula were so gracious to open their home to us for a TTR/WWHA October luncheon for the last three years. Everyone looked forward to it, the friendly atmosphere, perfect weather, great food. His last words to me were that he would see us in Deadwood. He will be there in spirit I'm sure. Our condolences to Paula & his family. *Jean E Smith*

For me, I will miss Bill mostly at our Roundups. We had some interesting and engaging conversations at the silent auction table. He and Paula donated most generously. He was truly one of the good guys. *Ruth McWhirter*

Bill Hunley was a great friend to everyone who loved history, especially history of his beloved Tombstone. Bill was always a fun guy to be around. He was a great story teller and knew a lot of Tombstone history from living there. He and his wife, Paula Jean, were great friends and supporters of WWHA and TTR. We were so privileged to spend a lovely Saturday at their home just a few short weeks ago. Bill was a great favorite of my son, Louis. Louis loved to ask Bill questions about all the ghostly happenings at the Bird Cage and Bill was happy to share his experiences. Bill be missed by all who knew him. Condolences to Paula Jean and the Hunley family. *Donna, Madison, and Louis Harrell*

Bill he was a dedicated member of WWHA. Even in a wheelchair he attended every year. And he and Paul Jean were gracious hosts at the TTR meeting with lunches at the Bird Cage. Yes, he was so proud of his granddaughter singing for us. He will he missed. *Elizabeth and Sam Weathers*

I am heartbroken to hear Bill H. has left us. He was a wonderful man, full of spirit and genuine hospitality. Listening to his incredible life story and that of his ancestors is what always impressed me; but most of all his genuine smile, I know his family and friends will miss him dearly, what a beautiful person he was. Catherine and I want to send our condolences to Paula Jean and their whole family. We'll never forget him. *Paul Marquez*

I was surprised to hear of Bill's passing. I am happy I was able to talk with him at TTR last month. He seemed in such good spirits. He was a good friend to WWHA. My condolences to Paula Jean and his family. *Pam Potter*

I am very sorry for his passing. *Bill Koch*

"For many WWHA Roundups Nola and I have enjoyed the company of Bill Hunley and Paula Jean. We shared stories of the history of the CSS Hunley and Tombstone while other WWHA meetings were conducted. Three weeks ago we enjoyed another visit with Bill as he hosted a luncheon for TTR and WWHA members at his home. We were saddened by Bill's sudden passing and pray Paula and family find comfort as they move forward. Bill was generous and contributed as a "Gunfighter" at the luncheons. He will be greatly missed!"

Nola and "Doc" Gerald Schaefer

I'm so sorry to learn of the passing of Bill Hunley, a true western gentleman. We were all blessed by knowing him. RIP Bill. *Marshall Trimble*

Susie and I particularly enjoyed Bill's affable personality and unselfish nature, he was a generous contributor to WWHA and TTR, always fun to be around, Paula too. Our sympathy goes out to Paula, we and all the old ghosts of the Bird Cage will miss him. *Kurt & Susie House*

I was shocked to hear about the passing of Bill Hunley. He will be missed. *John K.*

I am so sorry, my prayers go out for family. I had a wonderful visit at his place in Tombstone in 1994 and will always remember his friendship. *Jim Dunham*

When Bill's granddaughter sang a few weeks ago in Tombstone, her song brought tears to my eyes. Bill will be missed. He was one of the good guys. *Ron Woggon*

We will always cherish our many good times with Bill and dear Paula Jean. Rest is peace good amigo. Vaya con dios. *Michael and Suzanne Wallis*

It's hard to believe Bill has passed away. Margaret and I enjoyed Bill and Paula's company at many WWHA Roundups. It was always our pleasure to enjoy their company and Bill's jovial demeanor.

Our sincere sympathy is extended to Paula and the Hundley family. We will sincerely miss Bill! *James Bailey*

November 9, 2021

John King Fisher Notes of Interest

Chuck Parsons - Tom Bicknell

While researching the lives of Ben Thompson and John King Fisher the authors came to the realization that there are probably as many misunderstandings, myths, legends and lies as there are truths in the common understanding and knowledge of these two gunfighters. Having authored the 2018 biography *Ben Thompson: Portrait of a Gunfighter* and *King Fisher: The Short Life and Elusive Legend of a Texas Desperado* (coming in Spring of 2022), we both feel that our research has uncovered as much falsehood as truth about their lives.

John King Fisher, probably a portrait made during the early 1880s.
(*Courtesy Larry Shaver and Lawrence Vivian)*

Recently, we learned of the possible "discovery" of a revolver which may have been in the possession of John King Fisher. The claim is that the revolver was among three firearms, (including a second handgun and a Winchester rifle) placed in the coffin and buried with Fisher and found upon his exhumation in 1959. Naturally we were eager to investigate this claim. Aware of the existence of a King Fisher pistol, we thought, it could be a welcome addition to our upcoming biography of the man. Sadly, the "discovery" appears to not be what we hoped.

The main item for consideration is that a reporter for the *San Antonio Express* was permitted to inspect both Fisher's and Thompson's revolvers after they were gunned down in the Vaudeville Theater

located on the Main Plaza of the Alamo City. The newsman's report appeared in the issue dated March 13, 1884, two days after the sudden deaths of the two renowned gunfighters. He was allowed to view the weapon Fisher wore within an hour after the desperado's death. In his article he described the revolver in detail stating it was "a Colt's six-shooter of the same caliber [as Thompson's pistol], had a black-gutta percha [hard rubber] handle, and the cylinder and barrel were of blue bronzed steel." This pistol used by King Fisher was a Colt .45, serial number 84630, and we believe is now the possession of one of Fisher's descendants. The pistol taken from his body did not have ivory grips, though these could have been changed.

Fisher's Pistol. The authentic pistol removed from King Fisher after the ambush that also claimed the life of Ben Thompson. The pistol is a Colt .45 with a black gutta percha handle and SN 84630. (*Courtesy Larry Shaver and Lawrence Vivian*)

In mid-October of 1959, Uvalde city officials decided to move a number of graves inconveniently located in the old Pioneer's Cemetery. Fisher's resting place was among them to be relocated to make way for the expansion of a roadway and a real estate development. Adding more mystery to the revolver in question, the video explained that the relocation happened under the cover of night. This statement is ludicrous. All of the exhumations and reburials occurred during daylight hours, not at night as the video wrongly claims. Bringing Fisher's casket to the surface created quite a curiosity due to his fearsome reputation as an Old West desperado and a full-page article depicting the event soon appeared in the local newspaper. Uvalde Sheriff Bill Newcomer took an interest and became part of the exhumation. The sheriff called John R. Seals, the principal of Uvalde's West Main High School, and invited him to observe what was happening.

Seals later provided a written explanation of what he witnessed. King's coffin was placed on to a truck and taken to the Frazier Funeral Home, where it was unloaded into the freight receiving room and placed on two sawhorses. At the funeral home the coffin was opened, and for a few moments, an unpleasant odor escaped but soon dissipated. Laying inside the coffin was "a man with a moustache dressed in a jacket with leather lapels and a bow tie, whose chin had dropped and whose features, although somewhat deteriorated, were in such condition to be identified." There were about a half dozen individuals at the funeral home and Sheriff Newcomer pulled out of his pocket a photo of John King Fisher -- probably the famous head and shoulders portrait -- for all to see. All agreed the correct casket had been dug up and that King Fisher's body was indeed inside. The coffin was then resealed and reburied where it is today.

Nothing was said about any revolvers or Winchester rifle having been buried in the casket. Furthermore, nothing was mentioned about the clothing in which King was attired. Seals certainly would have mentioned it if King was wearing tiger-skin or leopard-skin chaps which the video in question states.

Most of all, or perhaps least of all, there should be no question as to the name "King." This is the middle name given to him by his parents. It is not a nickname he claimed or was given to him by others who thought of him as the "King of the Rustlers" or "King of the Desperadoes" as has been often stated.

To conclude: the so-called King Fisher pistol does not possess enough evidence nor provenance to justify its claim as undeniably the weapon of King Fisher.. Prominent among the many legends surrounding King Fisher's life is the story of how Porfirio Diaz, the President of Mexico, presented Fisher with a pistol. Some writers still continue to claim, although there is absolutely no evidence the two men ever got near each other much less met. King Fisher was certainly handy with a six shooter but the

idea of him being the fastest Texan who ever pulled a pistol is merely another part of the myth surrounding his life.

One final point to mention: We are reminded again of what the late and lamented collector of Old West relics Robert G. "Bob" McCubbin often said: “What is the provenance?”

November 9, 2021

Robert K. "Bob" DeArment Collection of Research Materials

Good news! WWHA is the happy recipient of the "archives" of the late Robert K. "Bob" DeArment. Bob, over a 60+ years second career as a researcher/historian/author, amassed a large amount of research materials related to the Wild West. Following discussions with Bob, and subsequently after his death, his two daughters, the determination was finalized that WWHA will receive his papers. The collection amounts to some 21 "banker's boxes" of research materials.

These papers will now become part of the Wild West History Association Archives to be housed at the Denver Public Library's Western History Collection (DPL). Among previously donated materials are the papers of Phillip Steele, Roger Jay, John and Karen Tanner (a portion), and Mark Dworkin (a portion). Additionally, the WWHA archives contains board generated minutes, treasurer's reports, Roundup materials, etc.

Since the pandemic, DPL has been closed to the public and the working staff has been reduced, including docents and volunteers. As a result, WWHA is holding the donated materials until DPL is ready to receive them for processing.

The WWHA archives committee is made up of Paul Marquez, chair, Bob Pulcipher, and Linda Wommack, all Colorado residents living in or near to Denver. Roy Young serves as a liaison and advisor to the committee.

As things continue to develop with the WWHA archives, additional postings will be made to the on-line WWHA *Saddlebag* Newsletter.

October 28, 2021

WWHA *Journal*, December 2021

The next issue of the WWHA *Journal* will be December 2021. It is scheduled for mailing the first week of December. We are hoping we won't have the same problems with the USPS as we did last December with the extended delays of delivery; some members did not receive their copies until the middle of January. We cannot publish the December issue early as each issue of the *Journal* is a project taking over three months to reach completion. So, once again, we ask your patience in awaiting delivery of the *Journal*. Mail delivery is simply out of our hands.

WWHA 2022 Roundup:

All things in regard to the 2022 WWHA Roundup in Rapid City and Deadwood, South Dakota are progressing nicely. The dates are: July 20-23. The host hotel is: Best Western Ramkota Hotel and Conference Center, 2111 N. La Crosse St., Rapid City, SD 57701. Guest room reservations may be made starting January 1, 2022. Request rates for "Wild West History Association" meeting.

Call for Papers: Rapid City/ Deadwood Roundup 2022

The Wild West History Association is extending an invitation to all historians of the Wild West to submit proposals for papers to be presented at the next annual Roundup. Proposals should contain author contact information and a brief (250 word maximum) abstract of the topic to be presented - with emphasis on new topics or new information on old topics. Additionally, provide a short presentation of your background and work in Wild West history. Proposal submission deadline is December 30, 2021. Send proposals via e-mail to Roundup chair Roy B. Young: royyoung@pldi.net. Determinations of selected speakers and topics will be made by January 15, 2022 with contact of all proposal submitters to be made by January 30, 2022.

Among the many possible topics are papers on "Wild Bill" Hickok, Seth Bullock, "Calamity Jane," "Potato Creek" Johnny, "Preacher" Smith, "Colorado Charlie" Utter, Al Swearengen, L.W. Stilwell, various outlaws and lawmen of the Dakotas, as well as gold rush and mining, railroads and end-of-track towns, Fetterman Massacre, Wounded Knee, Custer in the Black Hills, and much, much more. New ideas and topics are welcome. Additionally, ideas for panel discussions are invited.

WWHA Awards and Honors for 2020:

We very much regret that the awards that were to be presented at the 2021 Fort Smith Roundup could not be presented in front of the usual enthusiastic audience. Distribution of the plaques and cash awards have been made in various ways, including in person and via mail delivery. "Congratulations" to each award winner and honoree! "Thank You" to the awards/honors committee: Pam Potter, Jim Dunham, and Carroll Moore for their untiring work, as well as to the official readers/voters of the books and articles submitted for consideration.

WWHA Awards for works published in 2020:

Best Book, *Ride the Devil's Herd,* by John Boessenecker (Hanover Square Press);
Best WWHA *Journal* Article, "Ben Sippy, Tombstone City Marshal/Career Criminal," by Peter Brand, two part series, Sept./Dec. 2020 issues;
Best Scholarly Article, "Cody and Summit Springs," by Jeff Broome, *Denver Westerner's,* Sept. 2020;
Best General Article, "They Shoot Cowboys Don't They?" by John Boessenecker, *Wild West*, October 2020.

WWHA Special Honors Awards:

Lifetime Achievement Award to Kurt House for his many years of work in the field of Wild West history, his books, articles, and service on the WWHA Board of Directors.
President's Silver Star Award to Alan Blanchette for dedicated service to WWHA in his work as membership chair and many years on the WWHA Board of Directors.

Death of WWHA Member Frank Younger

We regret to announce the death of WWHA member and renowned poet Frank Younger (November 18, 1940 – August 28, 2021). Frank passed away suddenly at age 80 as a result of an accident in his home. Frank was predeceased by his parents, Paul and Margaret (and stepmother Irene). He is survived by his wife, Sharon and their three children, Pauline (and husband Mike), Matt (and wife Zoe), and Tom (and wife Tamara) and one grandson, Paul. Frank loved his family and always enjoyed sharing his encouragement, wisdom, and inimitable sense of humor with them.

Frank's contributions to the lives of many include his commitment to his career as an astronomer at the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory (Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics), his ongoing participation in local classical orchestras (including the occasional odd instrument repair, such as that of the Jim

Younger fiddle), and mentoring of many friends in any way he could. Frank's recent endeavors included attending and helping run the James Younger Gang club, attending and reciting poetry at the WWHA Roundup in Cheyenne, Wyoming, as well as writing and reading his poetry on many occasions.

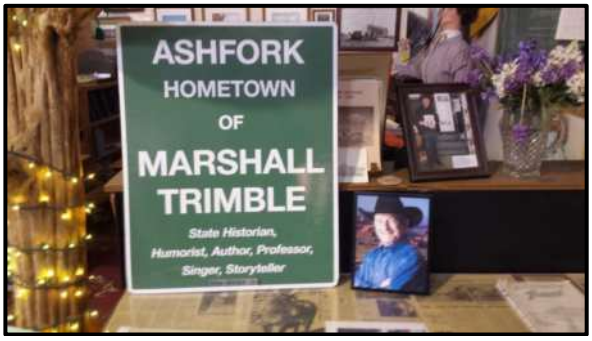
Frank has often enjoyed and been seen as having contrasting traits including riding his Harley motorcycle to a string quartet practice or cleaning his antique gun collection prior to reading his latest poetry writings to gangster club members. His unique character and compassion for all of his friends and family will be missed.

Book Signing

A book signing for WWHA member David Grasse's new book, *The True Story of Notorious Arizona Outlaw Augustine Chacón,* will take place on November 11, 2021 at the Palace of Art & Theater, 116 N. Railroad Avenue, Willcox, Arizona. A review of this book will appear in the December issue of the WWHA *Journal.* David's previous book, *The Bisbee Massacre* (McFarland) was published in 2017.

Congratulations to Marshall Trimble

WWHA member Marshall Trimble, who serves as 2nd Vice-President on the WWHA Board of Directors, has recently been recognized in his home town of Ash Fork, Arizona, with a "History Walk Monument" and a display at the town's historical society. WWHA is proud to have among our many illustrious members Arizona's "Official State Historian." *Congrats Marsh!*



WWHA's "Fireside Videos" Series

Pam Potter's "Fireside Stories" video, "Growing Up As A McLaury Relative, The Winner Writes The History," was released Friday, October 1, 2021. The video was filmed in Three Rivers, Texas, at Kurt House's Mission Sin Caja. To view, go to: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z98xjl8bq4Y, or simply use your search engine to locate all the "Fireside Videos" at Wild West History Association on YouTube.

Being a relative of a Wild West character has its challenges no matter if you are related to a "good guy" or a "bad guy." As a McLaury, Pam had to overcome the challenge of family bias. She stated, "Proper methodology and historiography are essential when researching and writing about the Wild West, regardless of whether or not your bias comes from family, Hollywood, or agenda driven books. My goal has been to give people an understanding of who really were the McLaury brothers, apart from the Earps and the Clantons."

The next video in the "Fireside Videos" series is: *A Gunfighter's Weapon of Choice. My name is John Wesley Hardin,* https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y0FnSxwFKHg. This episode is an informal interview with WWHA member, Texas historian David George. It deals with a gunfighter's weapon of choice and the 1873 murder of DeWitt County, Texas, sheriff "Captain" Jack Helm in Albuquerque, Texas. Additionally, George addressed the involvement of shootists John Wesley Hardin and Jim "Creed" Taylor, taking place during the Sutton-Taylor Feud.

"Bugs on the Windshield" Series

The latest episode of the "Bugs on the Windshield" series is "TEXAS, by God!" The Genesis of a Fighting Man, Texas Ranger John B. Armstrong." The "Bugs" series is the work of WWHA members Eddie Lanham and Pam Potter. To view: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d8qqklo-i9c.

Texas Ranger John B. Armstrong was the man who captured "the man-killer" John Wesley Hardin. "Texas, by God!" cried Hardin when he saw a Colt .45 pointed at him on a train in Florida. At the other end of the pistol stood Texas Ranger Armstrong. The *Montgomery Advertiser and Mail,* August 28, 1877, noted: "Armstrong wore a goatee at this time. As the court adjourned, Hardin's wife, who had been in court, hastened up to him and grabbed him by the goatee and denounced him for having captured her husband. She showered him with abuse and said she was going to raise her son to kill him. Armstrong said that that was one of the most painful experiences he ever had. Curiously, Jane Hardin's temper received some attention in the Montgomery Advertiser and Mail after the arrest which corroborates Armstrong's recollection of her pulling his goatee. Jane was interviewed holding her six-week-old baby, Callie Jane, in her arms. Mrs. Hardin has the bearing and converses like a person of much more than ordinary nerve and courage. She boasts of being able to shoot and manage a horse as well as most men, and says things will be made extremely lively for Armstrong and Duncan, the detective, and also for some others who had a hand in the capture of Hardin."

A New Docu-Drama on Billy the Kid

WWHA has received the following press release from Michael Anthony Giudicissi, Mankind Productions, www.mankindpro.com. We share it with our members and readers for their own inspection and resulting opinions of the new program. When the *Saddlebag* editor queried the writer/director, Giudicissi, he would not give any indication as to whether or not the docu-drama, as he calls it, will confirm all that is true and well known about Pat Garrett killing Billy the Kid, or if the production will endeavor to show "Brushy Bill" Roberts to have been William H. Bonney. For most historians the case has long since been settled and there is no "mystery" remaining to be unlocked, but Roberts keeps raising his head from beyond the grave and tries to say, "I was Billy the Kid!"

ALBUQUERQUE, NM: Storied Billy the Kid claimants "Brushy" Bill Roberts of Hico, TX and John Miller of Prescott, AZ will finally get their day in court to prove their claim to being legendary outlaw Billy the Kid. The trial, part of the upcoming docu-drama "The Final Trial of Billy the Kid" was filmed in the old federal courthouse inside of Amy Biehl High School in downtown Albuquerque next week. Based upon surviving historical evidence for the claims of Miller and Roberts, along with the generally accepted version of Bonney's death by Pat Garrett, the trial will once and for all determine which story stands up to a dispassionate examination of the facts. In an attempt to prove his identity, John Miller's remains were disinterred from the Arizona Pioneer's Rest Home in Prescott in the early 2000's. DNA analysis was inconclusive and many still believe Miller could have been The Kid, after escaping Garrett's bullets on 14, July 1881. The town of Hico, TX maintains that "Brushy" Bill Roberts was The Kid, and he in fact went in front of New Mexico Governor Thomas Mabry in 1950 asking for the pardon he says he was promised by Territorial Governor Lew Wallace in 1878. In a wild press attended show, Roberts was dismissed by Mabry who did not believe he was The Kid. Roberts died in Hico of a heart attack some 3 weeks later. Hico maintains its own Billy the Kid museum and Roberts sports not one, but two graves in the nearby county seat of Hamilton, TX for tourists to flock to.

The film, a project of writer/director Michael Anthony Giudicissi, began as a documentary in late 2020 featuring interviews with former New Mexico Governor Bill Richardson, Billy the Kid historian and TV personality Steve Sederwall, various law enforcement officers, authors, and politicians. With the truth of whether Bonney was killed that fateful night in 1881 so shrouded in mystery, Giudicissi expanded the project to include a dramatized version of a real trial to examine which evidence remains for each of the 3 potential outcomes for Billy the Kid. Both Fort Sumner, NM and Hico, TX have significant stakes in the

outcome of the trial as each of their versions of Billy the Kid (and his final resting place) draw tourists from all over the world. The film offers the promise of final, irrefutable evidence to prove once and for all what became of the legendary gunslinger. "The Final Trial of Billy the Kid" stars Thomas Fears (*Reaper, Sirona*) as Brushy Billy Roberts, Kelly Kidd (*Billy the Kid and the Lincoln County War, The Wilderness Road*) as Sheriff Pat Garrett, and Ryan Knudsen (*30 Seconds in Hell, The Book of Revelation*) as attorney Carvin Aldine.

The film, set for release in early 2022 on all major streaming platforms, is a joint production of Mankind Productions (*30 Seconds in Hell, Back to Billy*) and Dyor Productions. Giudicissi helms the project as writer and director while Royd McCargish steps in as Executive Producer. The project employs some twenty five New Mexico cast and crew members. The film's first look theatrical trailer is available for viewing at: https://youtu.be/LP2sjNmBvvk.

Jose Chavez y Chavez Grave to be Marked

WWHA has received the following press release:

Albuquerque, NM: Billy the Kid's pal, Jose Chavez y Chavez, immortalized on screen in the *Young Guns* movie franchise by actor Lou Diamond Phillips, will finally get a marker on his lonely and desolate grave in remote Milagro, NM. Joshua Slatten, president of Billy the Kid's Historical Coalition, in conjunction with Cold West Detective Agency (Capitan, NM) have teamed up to locate the long-lost grave and provide a proper headstone and ceremony marking its placement.

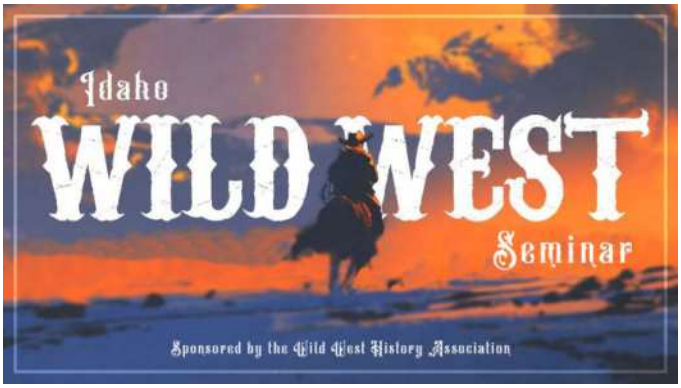
Chavez, who acted as both an outlaw and a lawman at various times throughout his long and storied life, rode with William H. Bonney as part of the Lincoln County Regulators in 1878, during the infamous Lincoln County War. Chavez escaped a number of deadly situations, side by side with the Kid. Although sentenced to death for the murder of Gabriel Sandoval in 1893, that sentence was later commuted to life in prison. During a prison riot, Chavez saved a guard and, in return, was pardoned in 1909 by then Governor George Curry.

Chavez lived out the remainder of his life quietly in the small farming community of Milagro, where he died on July 17, 1923. He was interred in the village's modest cemetery. Over time, the property has changed hands, and the cemetery now sits on private property. Due to exhaustive research by Slatten, Chavez's grave has been located and with funds provided by the nonprofit Coalition, as well as numerous private donations, a headstone has been designed and will be set in place during a ceremony on a soon to be announced date.

The headstone is part of a larger effort to document and memorialize a number of sites of importance relating to the life of William H. Bonney, better known as Billy the Kid, before they are lost to history. Unmarked graves of a number of key participants in the Kid's life and of the Lincoln County War have been discovered and will get treatment similar to that of Chavez.

The ceremony will be private and the public will not be allowed to attend; however, video will be available on the Coalition's website at: https://billythekidshistoricalcoalition.com.

For further information, contact: Joshua Slatten at: so2jws@yahoo.com



Idaho's WWHA Regional Roundup is Scheduled

Idaho Wild West will hold a WWHA Regional Roundup on Saturday, March 12, 2022, at the museum in Murphy, Idaho starting at 9:00 a.m.

Those appearing on the program will include:

- Joe Hickey - Old West Weapons Display
- Bill Betenson - "Butch Cassidy and the Robbery of the Montpelier Bank"
- John Hendricks - "Roughing It - Arrow Wounds and Other 1800's Afflictions"
- John Hendricks - "Roughing It, Part II - Military Medicine in the 1800s"
- Mike Youngman - "Idaho Outlaws"
- Marie Clyne - "Women in the Wild West"
- Fort Boise Garrison- "Soldiering in the Old West"

Direct questions to WWHA member Bob Sobba at: rcsobba@gmail.com

WWHA Invades "The Town" By: *Louis Harrell*, WWHA Advisory Board Member

WWHA Board Member William I. "Bill" Koch invited the board of directors, some committee members, and their families to his ranch in Southern Colorado in September 2021. This ranch, appropriately named "The Town," is a large 1880s-era town containing more than 70 authentic buildings from that time period. They were acquired from many places in the western United States and are each filled with numerous historical artifacts. These artifacts include many different antiques, namely: guns, tintypes, artillery, office furnishings, clothing, and anything else to have been found in an 1880s town. Not only that, but there are many activities one can do at the ranch, such as horseback riding.

On the first day, my family and I checked-in to a two-story wooden house called "Four Gables." The house was originally purchased in Montana and contained three bedrooms and two bathrooms, all of which were decorated with contemporary furnishings, such as a large wooden stove, a claw-foot bathtub, and other homestead amenities. After catching our breath at the house, we took a walk around town. We visited many of the different buildings and enjoyed the large collection contained within each of them. Among these buildings were the gunsmith's shop, assay office, general store, and sheriff's office. At 6:00, we went to the "Dream Café" for cocktail hour and dinner, which was delicious beef, from Mr. Koch's own cattle, and superb salmon. Dessert was a root beer float. We ate at a large two-piece wooden table carved from a large tree which accommodated all 27 of us, plus a few other people, namely some of Mr. Koch's other friends and his curators. We returned to our house at 11:30 after a night of exceptional food.

The next morning, we returned to the "Dream Café" and ate breakfast made to order, although there was also a small buffet. After a short break, we began the main board meeting of the week; there we discussed the ongoing need for an advertising manager and how we could get extra revenue from advertising, as well as potentially finding further ways to publicize the WWHA *Journal*. After the meeting concluded, we had a great lunch made to order. Personally, I had a hamburger made from fresh, juicy beef originally from the ranch. We then went over to a group of small train cars, which perfectly fit our entire group. In this train, we rehearsed a short re-enactment scheduled for filming the following day. The film, which showed the arrest of John Wesley Hardin, was directed by WWHA board member Kurt House. Subsequently, we walked through the town once again and looked around the buildings we hadn't yet seen. At 6:00 p.m., we returned to the "café" once more for cocktail hour and dinner, a tasty chicken fried steak. After our dessert of chocolate bunt cake, we went to the saloon and listened to a three-piece band. During their performance, a few members of the board joined in and sang several songs themselves. In particular, Kurt House, Bill Koch, and my father, Madison Harrell, sang a few songs and performed as a chorus on others. Once again, we went home at 11:30 that night.

On the final day, we began a tour of the town personally led by Bill Koch and his chief curator, Natasha Khandekar. We were followed by a film crew Mr. Koch hired to make a documentary on "The Town." They also filmed our members giving short speeches about different subjects depending on the theme of the various buildings we visited. Archives Committeeman Bob Pulcipher gave a presentation on banks and the history of banking in the United States. Other presenters included: Roy Young and Pam Potter on the Earps and the "Gunfight at the OK Corral," Kurt House on John Wesley Hardin, Roy Young and Paul Marquez about Billy the Kid, and my mother, Donna Harrell, on the James-Younger Gang. We then went back to the train cars in full 1880s attire and filmed the reenactment of John Wesley Hardin's arrest in Florida. Bill Koch surprised us during the re-enactment by wearing John Wayne's costume that he wore in the movie *Big Jake*. We walked around town one last time and discovered a whole Chinatown section just off to one side of the town, something we hadn't noticed before. At 6:00 p.m., we returned to the café for a final dinner, which consisted of a delectable Cornish Game Hen and Peach Cobbler. At the saloon, a five-piece band provided entertainment for the evening. During their performance, the WWHA's president, Jim Dunham, sang "Cool Water" by Marty Robbins and my father sang "Sixteen Tons" by Merle Travis. We went home at 12:20 a.m. that night after a most exciting and historic day.

Looking back on my time at Bill Koch's ranch, I believe it was an incredible place where I could finally get away from the monotony of normal, routine school days in favor of a fun place filled with history and experience the incredible amount of work done by Mr. Koch and Natasha on his massive collection. The things I noticed in his collection which I found most notable were the one and only tintype of Billy the Kid, the knife Billy carried the night of his death, the guns of many outlaws including those owned by the James-Younger Gang, the Earps, the Daltons, and John Wesley Hardin. Mr. Koch also has a howitzer, a Gatling gun, hundreds of pistols, rifles, and shotguns, hundreds of books in "The Town's" library, and the carpenter's bench on which Billy the Kid was placed following his death. The food was incredible and freshly made, the entertainment was exquisite, the collection was gigantic and awe-inspiring, and the housing was superb. All in all, I don't believe anyone will be forgetting their stay at Bill Koch's for a long time, if ever!

Congratulations to Erik Wright

WWHA member and *Journal* columnist Erik J. Wright of Paragould, Arkansas, has been awarded the Lola Homsher Research Grant funded by the Wyoming State Historical Society and an endowment from Lola Homsher. This grant will help fund Wright's on-the-ground research into the 1868 Bear River City Riot in Wyoming. *Congratulations Erik!*

An Adventure in "Ghouling" By *Chuck Parsons*

An exciting adventure allowed three WWHA members – Pam Potter, Chuck Parsons and Eddie Lanham to spend a good part of a day searching for the graves of two Wild West characters, two men who spent a good part of their life during the days of the Sutton-Taylor feud.

The trio – with Parsons at the wheel – began their adventure early Friday morning May 21, 2021 with the intent of locating, and possibly visiting, the grave of Joshua Robert "Brown" Bowen, legally hanged in 1878 for the controversial killing of Thomas Haldeman.

> Brown Bowen is charged with the murder of young Haldeman in this county some five years ago. It is reported that the young man Haldeman was drunk and asleep when Bowen shot him. He was indicted for murder, and at the February term of the District Court in 1873 his case was continued by the defense. He subsequently broke jail, and has been running at large ever since. It is expected that he will be tried at this term of court. *Galveston Daily News*, October 4, 1877 (shared by WWHA member Sharon Cunningham)

Our intent was noble, but we could not locate the final resting place of Brown Bowen, the brother-in-law of John Wesley Hardin.

Not wanting to leave the day in a mood of failure, our second endeavor was to visit the grave of Joseph Tumlinson, a member of the Sutton faction who worked against the Taylor clan. After a failed first attempt, as we drove slowly down Cornelius Lane we struck gold. Blocking our way was a white pickup as two people were examining an old tree for possible removal. We explained our purpose and fortuitously an elderly woman (in years, not ability) – Joanne Cornelius – was more than helpful in getting us to the motte of trees which surrounds Tumlinson's grave. About another mile and we were at our destination in what appeared to be a pasture; we had been warned in advance about fire ants and rattlesnakes.

Captain Joe Tumlinson (WWHA Files)

After some searching in the motte we saw it – the now leaning and partially sunken-in tombstone of Captain Joe Tumlinson. His stone is at an angle within the wire fence, partially broken, due to the possible actions of man and nature. Within the fenced-in cemetery were possibly five other stones, broken, probably all members of the Tumlinson family.

Joe Tumlinson's tombstone
(Courtesy of Eddie Lanham)

Joseph Tumlinson
Died - Nov. 23, 1874
Age 62 yrs.
9 mo's & 7 days

While searching, Ms. Cornelius had alerted the property owner who we were and our purpose. Young Lisa Von Roeder drove up to introduce herself and to visit. We discussed the possibility of cleaning a portion of the motte and erecting a Texas Ranger cross and new headstone so the cemetery will be easier to locate for future historians. The results of the day's adventures were meeting the remarkable Mrs. Cornelius and Lisa Von Roeder and locating the Tumlinson tombstone, even though we did not locate the elusive grave of Brown Bowen.

Plans for marking the grave of Joe Tumlinson are developing and an announcement of a marking ceremony will soon be made.

Tombstone Territory Rendezvous and WWHA Regional Roundup, Rousing Success

From New York to Washington State, Georgia to California, and most everywhere in between, fans of the Tombstone story, Cochise County, Southwest Arizona, and the Apache Indians, assembled in Tombstone October 20-24, 2021 for five full days of great history, fellowship, fun and food. The theme for 2021, was "Battleground Apacheria, Fierce Warriors Fight for Their Homes, Their Nations, Their Lives!" All speaking and performing events were held in historic Schieffelin Hall on Fremont Street.

This year's event was under the leadership of WWHA members Jean Smith and Ron Woggon along with historian Nancy Sosa. Some 70 people participated in the events, many of them WWHA members. A good number of new members for WWHA were recruited, paying their dues and receiving sample copies of the WWHA *Journal.* Alan Blanchette and Ron Woggon manned the registration table on behalf

of WWHA and with Roy Young and Pam Potter gave a promotion of the association at the opening of Saturday's events.

Among the speakers were many WWHA members, including: Chuck Smith, Ron Woggon, Bob Palmquist, Mike Mihaljevich, Doug Hocking, Paul Johnson, Gil Storms, Garner Palenske, John Kowaleski, Garth Gould, Roy Young, and Donna Harrell. A skit, written by Pam Potter, based on the "Captain Hurst and the McLaury Mule D8 Incident" was performed by several WWHA members.

Among the highlights of WWHA's Regional Roundup Day was a commemoration of the 140th Anniversary of the "Gunfight at the OK Corral." It was chaired by Roy Young with Pam Potter and Paul Johnson answering questions pertaining to the McLaury brothers involvement in the street fight.

A terrific bus tour was conducted on Friday taking participants to Tumacacori Mission and old Tubac. On Saturday, Bill and Paula Jean Hunley hosted a wonderful luncheon at their hacienda.

Allen and Ron at Registration Table

Garth Gould & Roy Young - Book Reviews Session

Garner Palenske - Q&A Session

Bill Hunley at the annual luncheon behind Bird Cage

Tumacacori Mission

Craig McEwan on C.S. Fly Photos

Roy, Pam, and Paul - OK Corral Panel

2020 Award Winners

Mike Mihaljevich - Most Informative Presentation

"Bird Cage Theatre: The Curtain Rises on a National Treasure"

Gary Mitrovich - Most Entertaining Presentation

"Gunfight at the Hollywood Corral"

Roy Young - Newest Discovery

"Newton Jasper Earp: Mystery Brother of the Fighting Earps

All TTR photos courtesy WWHA member Bob Block

Why Did San Antonio's Most Famous Brothel Lose Its Historic Designation? Marshall Trimble Speaks....

Bri Kirkham, Texas Public Radio, Published June 10, 2021

The structure at 503 Urban Loop has boarded up windows as its future remains uncertain.

Behind a grid of downtown hotels sits a building now known as 503 Urban Loop.

It most recently served as Father Flanagan's Boys Town. Before that, it was the Carmelite Sisters Day Nursery. And before that it was Madam Fannie Porter's "female boarding house" — a brothel. [Some claim that] Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid of Wild West fame hid out there.

The business changed hands between other madams, too, when sex work was legally recognized by the city. It was built in 1883 for Aurelia Dashiell and has several Spanish Eclectic additions.

A photo of Fannie Porter believed to be taken in 1901 in San Antonio

That was all before the two-story structure was bought [and the new owner] wants the former brothel and orphanage demolished and replaced with a residential high-rise.

In early May 2021, the structure was up for discussion in a Historic Design and Review Commission (HDRC) meeting. Several San Antonio-based organizations, including the Conservation Society and the Westside Preservation Alliance (WPA), spoke out to save the building.

"Part of the historic significance of 503 Urban Loop and the surrounding blocks is that they speak of a whole fabric of sociocultural and economic activities of working class labor, including that of Mexican American and African American women sex workers — and predominantly Euro-American madams," Donna Guerra, a member of the WPA, told TPR.

Luckily, for Guerra and other San Antonians who want to save the building, 503 Urban Loop was designated historic. And the city's Office of Historic Preservation (OHP) staff did not recommend demolition to HDRC.

But sometime between that meeting in early May and [June], the structure lost its historic designation. "After further researching the available records, we determined that the designation for 503 Urban Loop is likely an error that occurred about 30 years ago," wrote OHP Director Shanon Miller in a statement to TPR.

Documents intended to prove the property's historic worth apparently grouped it with the nearby Immaculate Heart of Mary complex. When this was brought up to OHP staffers, an ordinance tying the two properties together couldn't be found. "Given all of the information available, we did not feel it would be good practice to treat the property as a currently designated landmark," Miller said. This changes the review process, but the HDRC would still have to approve the new construction.

Advocates for the building's survival don't want new construction to completely replace the former brothel and orphanage....

Vincent Michael, executive director for the Conservation Society of San Antonio, said OHP has the evidence needed to prove 503 Urban Loop's historic impact. "It's sort of like a 30-year-old clerical error or something," he said. "But still, they have all the information that proves it's significant."

And HDRC does have the ability to request a "Finding of Historic Significance," according to Miller. Both the Westside Preservation Alliance and the Conservation Society want to see that request fulfilled.

While there are broken windows and garbage throughout the property — it appears to be structurally intact. "You're not seeing so much the 1883 body, but it's in there and, amazingly, the application from the owners to demolish it included very detailed drawings of what were the original walls," Michael said. "And to me, it's a classic, you know, half glass, half empty. They see it as 'It's almost gone.' As someone who studies historic architecture, I see a lot of it there."

There is no historic signage or marker outside the building today, and Michael thinks people don't know its story.

Fannie Porter was a sex worker who eventually became a madam at the turn of the 20th Century. "She lived in this house for four to five years," Michael said. [He continued] "Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid were part of the Hole in the Wall gang," he explained. "The Wild Bunch that were essentially Wild West outlaws — romanticized a little in the movies — but they famously used this (503 Urban Loop) as a hideaway, a place to gather together and before they split up. … They robbed banks, they robbed trains."

There are other details to the structure's history that are less known. There are more women — while less famous than Porter — who operated the same brothel. And Guerra with the Westside Preservation Alliance said that neighboring properties were socioeconomically connected to 503 Urban Loop.

Romana Ramos, for example, was a midwife at 315 Matamoros Street — Casa de Maternidad — during the same period. "We believe that it is no coincidence that 503 Urban Loop is just around the corner from Romana Ramos," Guerra said. "The needs of unplanned pregnancies of sex workers, and having a home for the infants and giving birth to them really starts to make sense when you look at the history of Barrio Laredito." ... Why then, has 503 Urban Loop survived for this long?

"When we think about the history of the Red-Light District, we overemphasize whiteness," Lilia Rosas, Ph.D, said.

The professor at the University of Texas at Austin's Department of Mexican American and Latina/o studies explained that people often want the history of sex workers to fit into a narrative of Wild West outlaws. "If we start to demystify it in the realm of erotica, we see people who are just making a living," Rosas said.

Similarly, Guerra said "famous people" shouldn't be the only ones included in history; ordinary people who make a difference in their communities should be included, too.

What's next?

Both Guerra and Michael said their organizations want to see the Finding of Historic Significance come to fruition.

While the current property owners said the cost to repair the entire existing structure would be too great, there was a possibility for partial demolition. Michael pointed to different opportunities that could be addressed with the additions on the original building. ... If it is saved, what could happen next? The official state historian of Arizona — who has ancestral ties to Texas — has some ideas.

"Fannie Porter was a respected, respected businesswoman. It's amazing that the building is still around. Her business should have been turned into a museum," said WWHA board member Marshall Trimble, who also writes for *True West* magazine.

The future of 503 Urban Loop is not yet known. And its history also seems to be hazy — or at least the significance of it. And that causes Rosas and others to wonder: "If Fannie Porter was historic before, why isn't she now?"

(David Martin Davies contributed to this story.)

THE GUN USED TO KILL BILLY THE KID ACHIEVES US$6 MILLION AT BONHAMS

Jessica Stanley and Kurt House

ESTABLISHES WORLD AUCTION RECORD FOR FIREARM

Pat Garrett's Colt Single Action Army Revolver used to Kill Billy the Kid Sold for $6,030,313

Los Angeles – Lively bidding was seen on the phone, online, and in the sale room on Friday, August 27, 2021 as Bonhams sold the gun Pat Garrett used to kill Billy the Kid for $6,030,313, a world auction record for any firearm. It was estimated at $2-3 million. The firearm was the top lot in the single-owner sale *The Early West: The Collection of Jim and Theresa Earle*, which achieved a total of $12,387,124, selling 92% by lot and 99% by value.

The gun, a Colt Single Action Revolver owned by Sheriff Pat Garrett was used to kill Billy the Kid on July 14, 1881, at Pete Maxwell's Ranch. It stands as a relic of one of the most important and well-known stories of the Wild West. Now part of the American mythology, Garrett's friendship with the Kid, their mutual respect, and his subsequent hunt, capture, escape and death have become the stuff of legend.

Catherine Williamson, Bonhams Director of Books & Manuscripts, said: “This sale was a tribute to Jim and Theresa Earle and it was a tremendous privilege to bring their historic Western collection to auction. The top lot, Pat Garrett’s gun that killed Billy the Kid, attracted attention from all around the world and lead to a world auction record for a firearm. This momentum continued and we saw determined bidding from clients that drove the sale as one of the most valuable private collections of Western memorabilia offered at auction.”

Additional highlights:

Billy the Kid Whitney Double Barrel Hammer Shotgun taken from Deputy Bob Olinger and used to kill him during Billy the Kid's dramatic Lincoln County Courthouse escape on April 28, 1881. Sold for $978,313. John Selman's Colt Single Action Army Revolver used to shoot John Wesley Hardin at the Acme Saloon in El Paso, August 19, 1895. Sold for $858,313. John Wesley Hardin's Smith & Wesson Double Action "Frontier" Revolver carried when he was killed by John Selman. Sold for $625,313. Wild Bill Hickok's Springfield Trapdoor Rifle originally buried by his side at Deadwood, South Dakota on August 3, 1876. Sold for $475,313.

Jim and Theresa Earle:

Jim Earle (1932-2019) was born and raised in Jacksonville, TX, and attended Texas A&M University. He was a star athlete, a boxer and a track star, but also found the time to author a popular comic strip in the university paper, *Cadet Slouch*, that ran for nearly 30 years. He married Theresa Gatlin in 1957, earned a Ph.D. and returned to A&M to teach in the Engineering Design Graphics Department, later serving as Department Head. Jim and Theresa began their collection in 1973, buying heavily throughout the 1970s and 1980s, and rarely selling. Many of these guns have now been off the market for nearly 50 years, only seen in some cases on exhibition at the Texas Ranger Museum in Waco, or other reputable institutions.

Both Jim and Theresa were early members of the Texas Gun Collectors Association, with Jim serving as president in 1984-85 and Theresa as secretary for many years. As avid collectors of Old West memorabilia, as well as historians, they realized the need for publication, or reprinting, of some western literature that was not readily available. Accordingly, the husband/wife team formed The Early West Publishing Company, that soon became Creative Publishing Co., in their home town of College Station, Texas.

As a farsighted action, the Earles deserve much credit for mentoring many young collectors and establishing rigorous standards for the authentication of artifacts of the Old West. Their beneficial influence on collectors is part of their lasting legacy and truly helpful to many of today's major collectors.

The final portion of the Earle Collection was held September 21 by Witherell's Auction Co., (witherells.com) of Sacramento, California and the online catalog features more biographical information on the Earles written by long-time friend and WWHA board member Kurt House.

The Bass Reeves Western History Conference

Submitted to WWHA *Saddlebag* Newsletter by: *Terry Alexander*

The Bass Reeves Western History Conference was held in Muskogee, Oklahoma on July 23rd and 24th 2021 at the Three Rivers Museum. Bass Reeves was a former slave who became a deputy U.S. marshal for Judge Isaac Parker in Fort Smith, Arkansas. Reeves had a reputation as a fearless lawman. He served as a federal marshal for thirty-two years out of the courts in Fort Smith, Paris, Texas, and Muskogee, Oklahoma, where he worked for the federal court under Marshal Leo Bennett. After Oklahoma became a state in 1907, he joined the Muskogee city police.

The day began with a tour of Fort Gibson; the old log fort was very impressive. Cantonment Gibson was established in 1824, At that time it was the far western expanse of the settled territory. It was named after Colonel George Gibson, who later became a General. The fort was positioned at the three forks of the Arkansas, Verdigris and Grand rivers south of the Osage Plateau.

Robert E. Lee, Zachary Taylor, and Jefferson Davis spent time at Fort Gibson, whether assigned to the post or staying over to rest before pushing on to a new assignment. Sam Houston, future President of Texas, had a trading post at the fort. His second wife, Talahina Houston, is buried in the Fort Gibson National Cemetery.

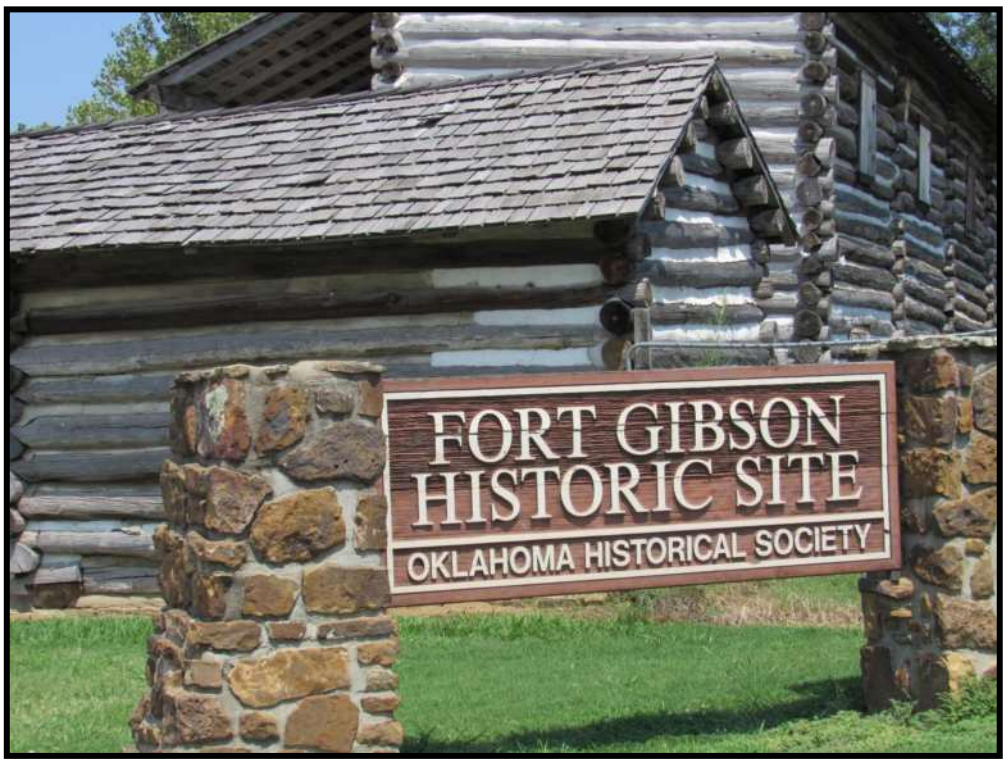
Upon returning to the museum, Pat Ragsdale gave a presentation about the Cherokee Lighthorse men and the marshal service. After the afternoon break, Winnie Cooper provided the night's entertainment at the museum while the guests dined on grilled burgers. After the meal, a trivia contest was held, and author T.C. Miller gave a presentation on the "Mustache." The final event of the evening was the viewing of the documentary "Indians, Outlaws, Marshals and The Hanging Judge."

Authors Art Burton, Wallace Moore, T.C. Miller and Vaunda Nelson were on hand to discuss the life of Bass Reeves and sell a few books. Vaunda won the Spur Award for best western storyteller in 2020, sponsored by the Western Writers of America for the book, *Let 'er Buck*.

The second day of the conference began with an interactive tour of the beat Bass Reeves walked as a Muskogee city policeman. The bus made several stops along the route and actors portraying people from Oklahoma's history told the passengers about the times in which they lived. Jonita Mullins as State Comby spoke about being the first female news reporter in Oklahoma, and Oscar Ray as Deputy Marshal Rufus Cannon spoke about the dangers in the Indian Nations. Next the Indian Territory Pistoliers provided entertainment, as they re-enacted the shootout at Prairie Grove School. In the shootout, the bad guys lost and everyone then went to the Civic Center for a catered luncheon where Winnie Cooper again provided the entertainment.

After the meal, the keynote speaker award winning author Vaunda Micheauz Nelson spoke about Bass Reeves, the man and his time as a deputy marshal and working for Isaac Parker in Fort Smith. She also spoke about Reeves life in the Indian Nations prior to his career as a marshal. Vaunda has written several children's books. Her book *Bad News for Outlaws, The Remarkable Life of Bass Reeves Deputy Marshal* was a finalist for the Spur award in 2010.

The next Bass Reeves Western History Conference is scheduled for July 22 & 23, 2022 at Muskogee's Three Rivers Museum.


FORT GIBSON
HISTORIC SITE
OKLAHOMA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MIDLAND VALLEY
THREE RIVERS MUSEUM